

# Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		

PHYSICS 9702/52

Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation

February/March 2024

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 30.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has 8 pages.

**1** Fig. 1.1 shows a thin cylindrical metal rod of length *L*.



Fig. 1.1

One end of the rod is hit with a hammer. A stationary sound wave is set up within the rod. The rod vibrates at its resonant frequency *f*.

A microphone placed at the other end of the rod detects the sound wave emitted from the rod. The frequency of the detected sound is also f.

A number of rods of different length are available.

It is suggested that *f* is related to *L* by the relationship

$$2fL^n = \sqrt{\frac{E}{\rho}}$$

where  $\rho$  is the density of the metal, and E and n are constants.

Plan a laboratory experiment to test the relationship between *f* and *L*.

Draw a diagram showing the arrangement of your equipment.

Explain how the results could be used to determine values for E and n.

In your plan you should include:

- the procedure to be followed
- the measurements to be taken
- the control of variables
- the analysis of the data
- any safety precautions to be taken.

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## Diagram

= .	

### 2 A student investigates an electrical circuit.

A power supply with negligible internal resistance is connected to six resistors, each of resistance Z, and a resistor of resistance R, as shown in Fig. 2.1.

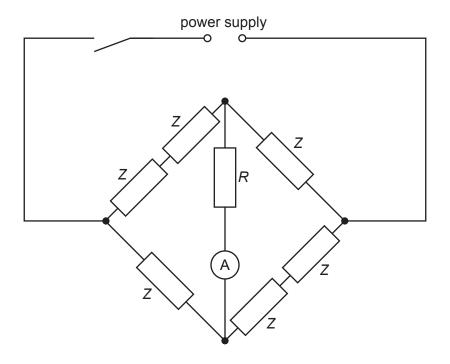


Fig. 2.1

The current measured by the ammeter is I.

The experiment is repeated for different values of *R*.

It is suggested that *I* and *R* are related by the equation

$$E = 3IR + 4IZ$$

where *E* is the electromotive force (e.m.f.) of the power supply.

(a) A graph is plotted of  $\frac{1}{I}$  on the *y*-axis against *R* on the *x*-axis.

Determine expressions for the gradient and *y*-intercept.

gradient =	 
y-intercept =	  [1]

**(b)** Values of *R* and *I* are given in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1

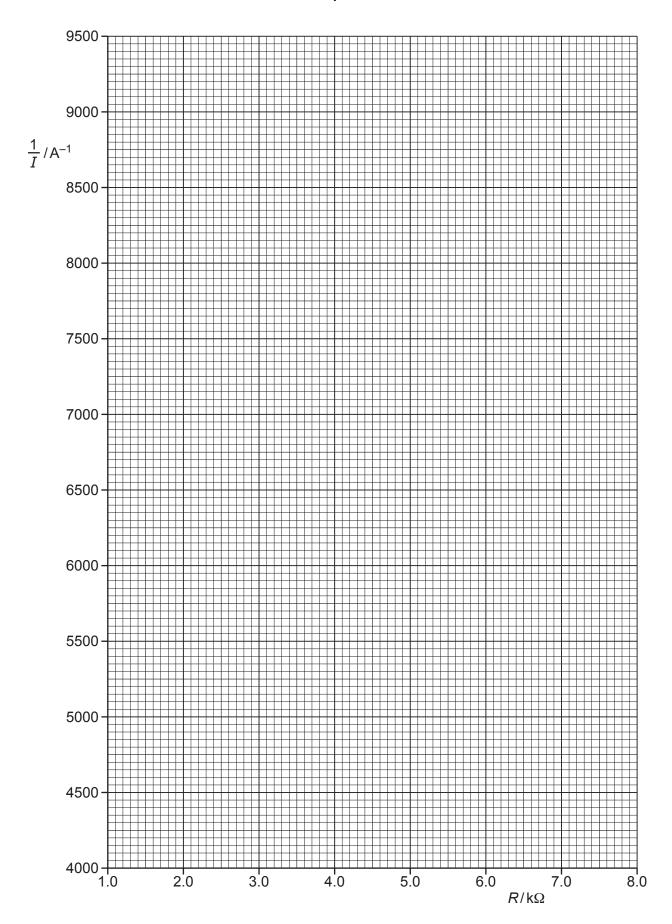
R/kΩ	Ι/μΑ	$\frac{1}{I}/A^{-1}$
1.25	225 ± 5	
2.55	185 ± 5	
3.90	160 ± 5	
5.25	140 ± 5	
6.55	125 ± 5	
7.80	115 ± 5	

Calculate and record values of  $\frac{1}{I}/A^{-1}$  in Table 2.1. Include the absolute uncertainties in  $\frac{1}{I}$ .

- (c) (i) Plot a graph of  $\frac{1}{I}/A^{-1}$  against  $R/k\Omega$ . Include error bars for  $\frac{1}{I}$ . [2]
  - (ii) Draw the straight line of best fit and a worst acceptable straight line on your graph. Label both lines. [2]
  - (iii) Determine the gradient of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.

gradient = ......[2]

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(iv)	Determine the <i>y</i> -intercept of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.
	<i>y</i> -intercept =[2]
(d) (i)	Using your answers to (a), (c)(iii) and (c)(iv), determine the values of $E$ and $Z$ . Include appropriate units.
	E =
	Z =[2]
(ii)	Determine the percentage uncertainty in Z.
	percentage uncertainty in Z = % [1]
(e) Th	e experiment is repeated. Determine the resistance $\it R$ that gives a value of $\it I$ of 0.10 mA.
	$R$ = $\Omega$ [1]
	[Total: 15]

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