

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

PHYSICS 9702/53

Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation

October/November 2013

1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

Electronic calculators may be used.

You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

1 A student is investigating how the resistance R of nichrome in the form of a wire varies with temperature θ .

For Examiner's Use

It is suggested that

$$R = R_0(1 + \alpha\theta)$$

where R_0 is the resistance at 0 °C, α is a constant and θ is the temperature measured in °C.

Design a laboratory experiment to test the relationship between θ and R and determine the value of α . You should draw a diagram, on page 3, showing the arrangement of your equipment. In your account you should pay particular attention to

- (a) the procedure to be followed,
- (b) the measurements to be taken,
- (c) the control of variables,
- (d) the analysis of the data,
- **(e)** the safety precautions to be taken.

[15]

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3	
Diagram	For Examiner's
	Use

For Defining the Methods of Method of Safety Additional data collection analysis considerations detail

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Use

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2 A student is investigating the stopping distance for a motorcycle with high-performance brakes. A motorcyclist riding and stopping a motorcycle on a test track is recorded on film.

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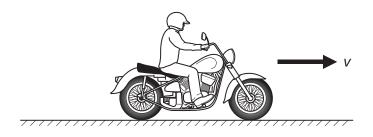


Fig. 2.1

The stopping distance d is measured for different speeds v.

Question 2 continues on the next page.

It is suggested that *v* and *d* are related by the equation

$$d = \frac{v^2}{2a} + vt$$

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where a is the deceleration of the motorcycle and t is the thinking time of the rider.

(a) A graph is plotted of $\frac{d}{v}$ on the *y*-axis against v on the *x*-axis. Determine expressions for the gradient and *y*-intercept in terms of *a* and *t*.

gradient =	_
<i>y</i> -intercept =	

[1]

(b) Values of *v* and *d* are given in Fig. 2.2.

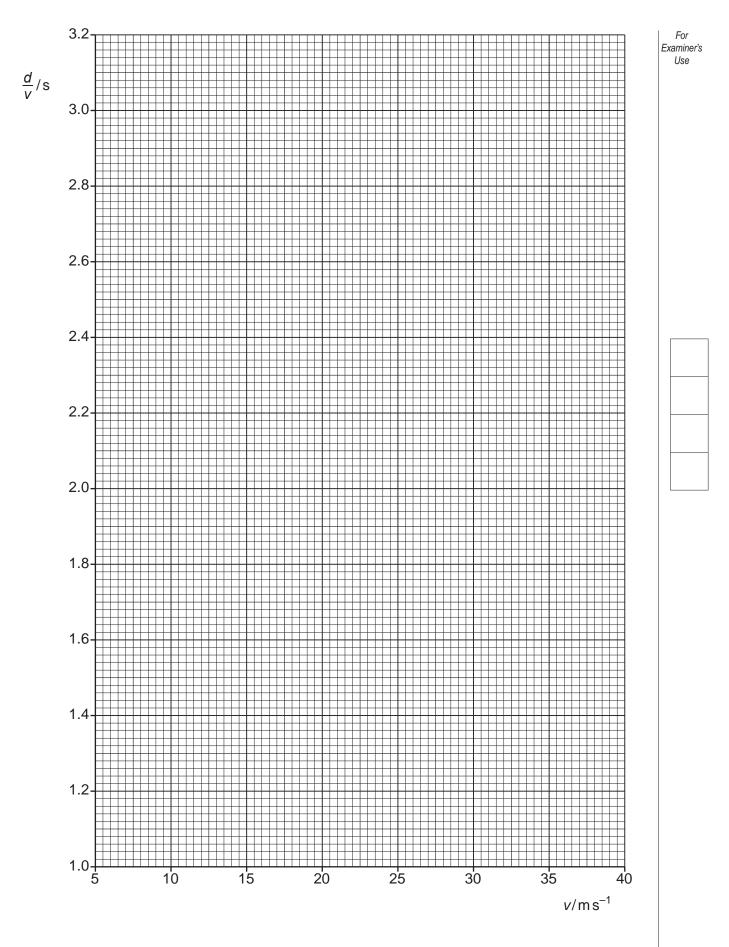
v/ms ⁻¹	d/m	
10 ± 1	13.0 ± 0.5	
15 ± 1	24.5 ± 0.5	
20 ± 1	39.5 ± 0.5	
25 ± 1	57.5 ± 0.5	
30 ± 1	79.0 ± 0.5	
35 ± 1	103.0 ± 0.5	

Fig. 2.2

Calculate and record values of $\frac{d}{v}$ /s in Fig. 2.2. Include the absolute uncertainties in $\frac{d}{v}$.

- (c) (i) Plot a graph of $\frac{d}{v}/s$ against v/ms^{-1} . Include error bars for $\frac{d}{v}$. Do **not** include horizontal error bars for v. [2]
 - (ii) Draw the straight line of best fit and a worst acceptable straight line on your graph. Both lines should be clearly labelled. [2]
 - (iii) Determine the gradient of the line of best fit. Include the uncertainty in your answer.

gradient = [2]



(iv)	Determine the <i>y</i> -intercept of the line of best fit. Include the uncertainty in your answer.	For Examiner's Use
(d) (i)	y-intercept =	
(ii)	a=	
	a and t . percentage uncertainty in $a=$	
	[1]	

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