

# Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
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**COMPUTER SCIENCE** 

9618/12

Paper 1 Theory Fundamentals

October/November 2023

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

1	A factory	makes	chocolate	bars.
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The factory uses a conveyor belt that moves the products from one stage of production to the next stage.

(a)	An a	automated system counts the number of chocolate bars made at the end of production.
	The	system includes a sensor positioned above the conveyor belt.
	lder	ntify <b>one</b> appropriate type of sensor that can be used.
		[1]
(b)		econd automated system removes chocolate bars with an incorrect weight from the duction line.
	Des	cribe the role of an <b>actuator</b> in this second system.
		[2]
(c)	The	factory has many different machines with embedded systems.
	(i)	Identify <b>two</b> features of embedded systems.
		1
		2
		[2]
	(ii)	Identify <b>one</b> drawback of embedded systems.
		[1]

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2	(a)	State what is meant by the following terms in a relational database model.
		Entity
		Primary key
		Referential integrity
		[3]
	(b)	Authentication is one method a Database Management System (DBMS) can use to improve the security of a database.
		Describe <b>other</b> methods that a DBMS can use to improve the security of a database.
		[4]

(c) The following database table is not normalised.

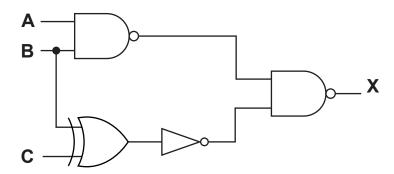
StudentName	DateOfBirth	TutorGroup	Subject	SubjectCode
Yuwei Chen	01/09/2004	SMH	English, Maths, Computer Science	EN, MA, CS
Claudia Raj	23/02/2005	JMB	Maths, Physics, Art	MA, PY, AR
Aamil Akram	24/01/2005	KMB	Art, Design, English language	AR, DE, EN
Areeba Faraz	21/12/2004	SMH	English language, Chemistry, Design	EN, CH, DE

Explain how to modify the table to put it into First Normal Form (1NF).	
	• •
	••
	• • •
Γ.	4

3	(a)	) State <b>one</b> difference between a kibibyte and a megabyte.			
				[1]	
	(b)	(i)	Convert the denary value into a 12-bit two's complement binary integer.		
			-196		
			Answer	[1]	
		/ii\	Convert the Binary Coded Decimal (BCD) into denary.	נין	
		(ii)	100001100101		
			Answer	[1]	
		(iii)	Convert the unsigned binary integer into denary.		
			000111010110		
			Answer	[1]	
	(c)		ntify <b>one</b> practical application of BCD <b>and</b> justify why BCD is used in this application.		
		App	plication		
		lue	tification		
		Jus	unication		

[2]

4 (a) Write the Boolean expression that corresponds to the following logic circuit.



[3]

**(b)** Complete the truth table for the logic expression:

X = A XOR (B AND (A NAND B) AND NOT C)

Α	В	С	Working space	Х
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[2]

5

(a)	State the meaning of <b>privacy of data</b> .	
(b)	State the meaning of <b>integrity of data</b> .	
(c)	Describe the following threats to a computer system.	
	Phishing email	
	Spyware	
		 [4]

6 (a) A real-time video of a music concert needs to be streamed to subscribers.

Tick (✓) **one** box to identify the most appropriate type of compression **and** justify your answer.

	Lossy	Lossless						
	Justification							
								[3
(b)	Explain the in	mpact of chang	ing the sai	mpling res	solution o	n the accui	acy of a so	und recording
								[3
(c)	A bitmap ima	ige has a resol	ution of 20	48 pixels	wide and	1024 pixe	ls high.	
	The image h	as a bit depth	of 10 bits p	er pixel.				
	Estimate the	file size of the	bitmap ima	age in me	bibytes. S	Show your	working.	
	Working							
	Estimated file	e size in mebib	ytes					[2

A Local Area Network (LAN) contains four devices:

7

•	two	outer laptop computers erver.	
(a)	The	server has the IP address 192.168.3.2	
	Exp	olain why this is <b>not</b> an IPv6 address.	
			[2]
(b)	(i)	The LAN is set up as a star topology.	
		Draw a diagram of the topology of the LAN.	
			[2]
	(ii)	Explain how data is transmitted between the two laptops in the LAN.	
			[2]

(	(iii)	Subnetting can be used to separate a network into logical segments.	
		Describe <b>two other</b> reasons why subnetting is used in a network.	
		1	
		2	
			[4]
(c)			
(-)		te <b>three</b> tasks performed by devices to deal with collisions when using the Carrier Se tiple Access/Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) protocol in a network.	nse
(-)	Mul		
	Mul	tiple Access/Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) protocol in a network.	
(-)	Mul	tiple Access/Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) protocol in a network.	
(-)	Mul 1 2	tiple Access / Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) protocol in a network.	
	Mul 1 2	tiple Access / Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) protocol in a network.	
	Mul 1 2 3	tiple Access/Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) protocol in a network.	

(d) The following incomplete table contains types of IP addresses and their descriptions.

Complete the table by writing the missing types of IP addresses and the missing descriptions.

Type of IP address	Description
	an IP address that is assigned to a device to allow direct access on the internet
static IP address	
	an IP address used for internal LAN communication only
dynamic IP address	

[4]

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A co	ompu	ter has an Operating System (OS).
(a)	Stat	te <b>one</b> purpose of the Operating System.
		[1]
(b)	The	Operating System has utility software.
( - )		purpose of some utility software is to improve security.
	lder	ntify <b>one</b> example of utility software that is <b>not</b> intended to improve security.
	Ехр	lain why this software is needed.
	Utili	ty software
	Ехр	lanation
		[3]
(c)	An	optical disc reader/writer is connected to the computer.
	(i)	Give the name of <b>one</b> port that can provide a connection for the optical disc reader/writer.
		[1]
	(ii)	Describe the roles of the address bus, the data bus <b>and</b> buffers in the process of writing data to the optical disc reader/writer.
		[3]

**9** The following table shows part of the instruction set for a processor. The processor has two registers, the Accumulator (ACC) and the Index Register (IX).

Ins	struction	- Explanation			
Opcode	Operand				
LDD	<address></address>	Direct addressing. Load the contents of the location at the given address to ACC			
LDX	<address></address>	Indexed addressing. Form the address from <address> + the contents of the index register. Copy the contents of this calculated address to ACC</address>			
LDR	#n	Immediate addressing. Load the number n to IX			
STO	<address></address>	Store the contents of ACC at the given address			
ADD	#n	Add the denary number n to the ACC			
JMP	<address></address>	Jump to the given address			
INC	<register></register>	Add 1 to the contents of the register (ACC or IX)			
CMP	<address></address>	Compare the contents of ACC with the contents of <address></address>			
CMI	<address></address>	Indirect addressing. The address to be used is at the given address. Compare the contents of ACC with the contents of this second address			
JPE	<address></address>	Following a compare instruction, jump to <address> if the compare was True</address>			
IN		Key in a character and store its ASCII value in ACC			
OUT		Output to the screen the character whose ASCII value is stored in ACC			
END		Return control to the operating system			
	<address> can be an absolute or a symbolic address # denotes a denary number, e.g. #123</address>				

(a) The instructions in the processor's instruction set can be grouped according to their function.

Identify the instruction group for each of the following opcodes.		
IN		
ADD		
JPE		
CMI		
	Γ4	

**(b)** The current contents of main memory and selected values from the ASCII character set are given on page 15.

Trace the program currently in memory using the trace table when the input is '1'.

ACC

IX

Instruction

## Address Instruction

ess	Instruction					
10	LDR	#0				
11	IN					
12	STO	101				
13	LDX	110				
14	CMP	100				
15	JPE	21				
16	LDD	101				
17	ADD	#16				
18	INC	IX				
19	STO	100				
20	JMP	13				
21	OUT					
22	END					
		لم				
100	0					
101	0					
		لم				
110	51					
111	65					

mon donon		I IV	1				1
address	ACC	IX	100	101	110	111	
			0	0	51	65	

Memory address

Output

#### **ASCII** Character value

1
2
3
4
7
А
В
С
D

[4]

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