

Cambridge International AS & A Level

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COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/22

Paper 2 Fundamental Problem-solving and Programming Skills

May/June 2021

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

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(a)	Maintenance of programs may be needed for a number of different reasons.				
	State two types of maintenance and give a reason	on why each may be needed.			
	Туре				
	Reason				
	Туре				
	Reason				
			[4]		
(b)	State why characters need to be represented processed.	in ASCII or Unicode before the	y can be		
			[1]		
(c)	Each line of a text file contains several data iter data items before the line is written to the file.	ns. A special character is inserted	between		
	Explain why a special character is used in this wa	ay.			
			[2]		
(d)	Each pseudocode statement in the following tabluse of the function or operator.	le may contain an error due to the	incorrect		
	Describe the error in each case, or write 'NO ER	ROR' if the statement contains no	error.		
	Refer to the Appendix on page 18 for the list of built-in pseudocode functions and operators.				
	Statement	Error	ı		
	Code ← RIGHT("Cap" & "art", 4)		l		

Statement	Error
Code ← RIGHT("Cap" & "art", 4)	
Status ← MID("Computer", 7, 5)	
Size ← LENGTH("Password") * 2	
NextChar ← CHR('A')	
Index ← Index & 3	

2 Study the following pseudocode.

```
DECLARE Overload : BOOLEAN
PROCEDURE LEM()
  DECLARE Status : BOOLEAN
  DECLARE Landed : INTEGER
  Overload \leftarrow FALSE
  \texttt{Landed} \leftarrow \texttt{FALSE}
  WHILE Landed = FALSE
      Status ← Sample()
      IF Status = TRUE
         THEN
             Landed \leftarrow SubA(42)
         ELSE
             Overload \leftarrow SubB(37)
             IF Overload = TRUE
                THEN
                    CALL Display("Alarm 1202")
             ENDIF
      ENDIF
  ENDWHILE
ENDPROCEDURE
```

(a) Examine the pseudocode and complete the following table:

Answer

The identifier name of a global variable	
The name of the loop structure	
The identifier involved in a data type mismatch	
The name of a procedure that takes a parameter	
The name of a function	

	(b)	Draw a program flowchart to represent the pseudocode algorithm.
		Variable declarations are not required in program flowcharts.
ĺ		

3	(a)	(i)	Module names and parameters are features that may be represented on a structure chart.
			State two other features than can be represented on a structure chart.
			Feature 1
			Feature 2[2]
		(ii)	The headers for three modules in a program are defined in pseudocode as follows:
			Pseudocode module header
			PROCEDURE Create(S2 : INTEGER, P3 : STRING)
			PROCEDURE Modify(S2 : INTEGER, BYREF P4 : STRING)
			FUNCTION Delete(P4 : INTEGER, M4 : STRING) RETURNS INTEGER
			A fourth module, Membership(), may call any one of the three modules.
			Draw a structure chart to represent the information given about the four modules.
			Dian a chactare orian to represent the information given about the real information.

(b)

w a diagram to show the the stages are linked.	 program do	 	vs to mak

(a)	Using pseudocode , and 200.	write a post-condit	ion loop to output	every odd number	between 100
					[4]

(b) A program contains a global 2D array XRef. The array consists of 100 rows and 3 columns. The array is of data type STRING.

A function, Search(), takes two parameters Parl and Par2 as string values and returns an integer value.

The function returns:

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- the index number of the first row where:
 - the element in column 1 of that row matches Par1 and
 - either of the other two elements in that row match Par2
- -1 if no match found in any row.

Write **program code** for the function Search ().

Visual Basic and Pascal: You should include the declaration statements for variables. Python: You should show a comment statement for each variable used with its data type.
Programming language
Program code

(a)	An	Integrated Development Environment (IDE) will be used to develop a program.	
	(i)	An IDE includes features for program presentation.	
		State two of these presentation features.	
		Feature 1	
		Feature 2	
			[2]
	(ii)	Name two IDE features that can help with initial error detection.	
		Feature 1	
		Feature 2	
			[2]
(b)	(i)	A function, Verify(), is written in pseudocode.	[-]
(2)	(-)	Write the two missing lines to complete the pseudocode.	
		FUNCTION Verify(UserID : STRING) RETURNS BOOLEAN	
		DECLARE Password : STRING	
		OUTPUT "Please Input your password: "	
		<pre>INPUT Password Response ← Validate(UserID, Password) AND Today()</pre>	
		Response Walldate (OsellD, lassword) AND loday ()	
		ENDFUNCTION	[2]
			[-]

- (ii) The function, Verify(), is to be amended as follows:
 - if the UserID is "Guest", a password is not required and TRUE should be returned
 - output a message to try again if the password entered is not valid
 - return FALSE if the number of attempts to enter a valid password exceeds three.

Write $program\ code$ for the $amended\ function\ Verify()$.

Visual Basic and Pascal: You should include the declaration statements for variables. Python: You should show a comment statement for each variable used with its data type.
Programming language
Program code

6 A program stores data about stock items in four global 1D arrays as follows:

Array	Data type	Description	Example data value	Initial data value
StockID	STRING	the stock item ID (eight alpha-numeric characters)	"JBCD0002"	11 11
Description	STRING	a description of the item (alphabetic characters only)	"soap"	11 11
Quantity	INTEGER	the number in stock	9	0
Cost	REAL	the cost of the item	1.45	0.0

- Each array contains 10 000 elements.
- Elements with the same index relate to the same stock item. For example, StockID[3] contains the ID for the product whose description is in Description[3].
- The StockID array is not sorted.

The program will be modified so that the data from the arrays can be stored in a text file for backup. You may assume that a backup file contains only valid stock data.

The programmer has started to define program modules as follows:

Module	Description								
Unpack()	 called with two parameters: an array index a string value read from one line of the backup file extracts the four data values from the string and assigns each to the appropriate array 								
Restore()	 called with a string representing the name of a backup file returns FALSE if the file is empty sets all elements of each array to the initial data value as given in the table reads the backup file line by line calls Unpack() to extract data from each line and assign values to the corresponding arrays returns FALSE if the arrays are full but there are still lines in the file, otherwise returns TRUE 								
StockSummary()	For all items where StockID does not contain the initial value: counts the number of stock entries in the StockID array outputs the overall value of all items in stock (cost multiplied by the quantity) outputs the number of stock entries								

(a) Write program code for the module StockSummary().

Python: You	should show a comment statement for each variable used with its data type.
Programmin	g language
Program cod	de

)	write pseudocode for the module Restore().

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(c) The module description of <code>GetValidFilename()</code> is as follows:

Module	Description
GetValidFilename()	 prompts and inputs a filename validates the filename by checking that it: is between 4 and 10 characters in length (inclusive) contains only alphanumeric characters if the filename is invalid, outputs a warning message and asks the user to try again otherwise returns the valid filename

Write program code for the module GetValidFilename().
Visual Basic and Pascal: You should include the declaration statements for variables. Python: You should show a comment statement for each variable used with its data type.
Programming language
Program code

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Appendix

Built-in functions (pseudocode)

Each function returns an error if the function call is not properly formed.

MID (ThisString : STRING, x : INTEGER, y : INTEGER) RETURNS STRING returns a string of length y starting at position x from ThisString

Example: MID ("ABCDEFGH", 2, 3) returns "BCD"

LENGTH (ThisString: STRING) RETURNS INTEGER returns the integer value representing the length of ThisString

Example: LENGTH ("Happy Days") returns 10

LEFT (ThisString : STRING, x : INTEGER) RETURNS STRING returns leftmost x characters from ThisString

Example: LEFT ("ABCDEFGH", 3) returns "ABC"

RIGHT (ThisString : STRING, x : INTEGER) RETURNS STRING returns rightmost x characters from ThisString

Example: RIGHT ("ABCDEFGH", 3) returns "FGH"

INT (x : REAL) RETURNS INTEGER

returns the integer part of x

Example: INT (27.5415) returns 27

LCASE(ThisChar : CHAR) RETURNS CHAR

returns the character value representing the lower case equivalent of ThisChar If ThisChar is not an upper case alphabetic character, it is returned unchanged.

Example: LCASE ('W') returns 'w'

ASC (ThisChar : CHAR) RETURNS INTEGER returns the ASCII value of character ThisChar

Example: ASC('A') returns 65

CHR (x : INTEGER) RETURNS CHAR returns the character whose ASCII value is \mathbf{x}

Example: CHR (87) returns 'W'

Operators (pseudocode)

Operator	Description							
&	Concatenates (joins) two strings Example: "Summer" & " " & "Pudding" produces "Summer Pudding"							
AND	Performs a logical AND on two Boolean values Example: TRUE AND FALSE produces FALSE							
OR	Performs a logical OR on two Boolean values Example: TRUE OR FALSE produces TRUE							

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