

Cambridge International AS & A Level

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COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/21

Paper 2 Fundamental Problem-solving and Programming Skills

May/June 2021

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

I	(a)	(i)	State ho	ow characters are rep	presented using the ASCII character se	et.
						[2]
		(ii)	String v	alues may be repres	ented by a sequence of ASCII charact	ers.
			The follo	owing table shows co	onsecutive memory locations.	
			•	te the table by adding ory using the ASCII o	g the values to show how the string "F haracter set.	'ADED" may be stored
					ages 22–23 for the list of built-in pseureference to the ASC() function.	docode functions and
				Memory location	ASCII character value	
				100		
				101		
				102		
				103		
				104		
						[2]
	(b)	Indi	vidual ele	ements in a 1D array	are referenced using an integer value	s.
		In th	ne pseud	ocode expression St	cockID[n], the integer value is repre	sented by the variable
		(i)	Give the	e technical terms for	the minimum and maximum values for	the variable n.
			Minimu	m value		
			Maximu	ım value		
						[1]
		(ii)	Give the	e correct term for the	variable n in the pseudocode express	sion StockID[n].
						[1]

(c) Each pseudocode statement in the following table may contain an error due to the incorrect use of the function or operator.

Describe the error in each case, or write 'NO ERROR' if the statement contains no error.

Refer to the **Appendix** on pages 22–23 for the list of built-in pseudocode functions and operators.

Statement	Error
Code ← LEFT("Cat", 4)	
Status ← MID("Aardvark", 0, 5)	
Size ← LENGTH("Password)	
$Stock[n] \leftarrow Stock[n+1]$	
Result ← 3 OR 4	

[5]

2 (a) The following pseudocode algorithm counts the number of each alphabetic character in the string Msg. The character count values are stored in an array CharCount.

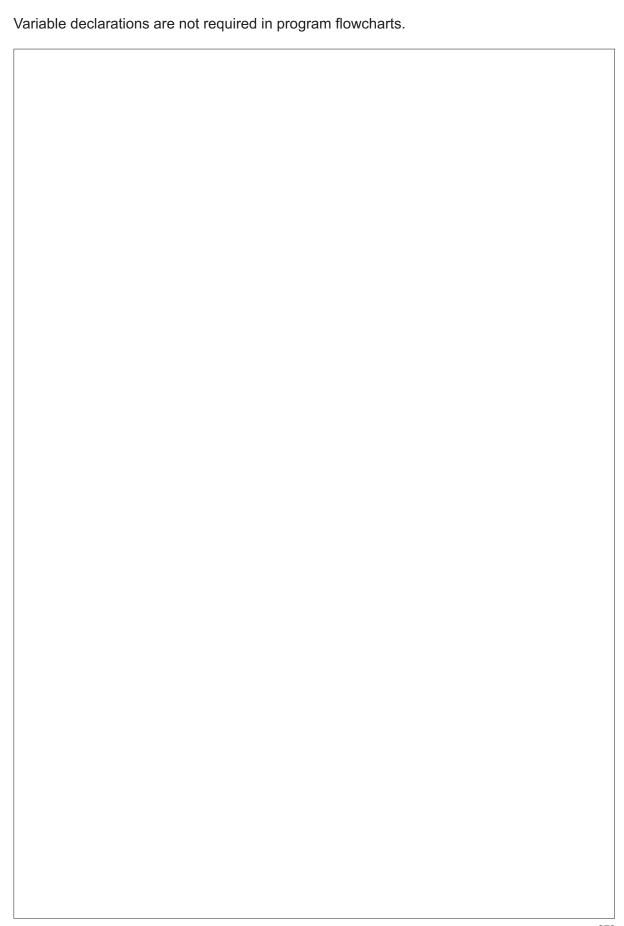
Variable declarations are not shown.

```
FOR Index ← 1 TO 26
    CharCount[Index] ← 0

ENDFOR

FOR Index ← 1 TO LENGTH(Msg)
    ThisChar ← MID(Msg, Index, 1)
    ThisChar ← LCASE(ThisChar)
    IF ThisChar >= 'a' AND ThisChar <= 'z'
        THEN
        ThisIndex ← ASC(ThisChar) - 96 // value from 1 to 26
        CharCount[ThisIndex] ← CharCount[ThisIndex] + 1
    ENDIF</pre>
ENDFOR
```

Draw a program flowchart to represent the algorithm.



(b) The character count values have been assigned to the array in part (a).

Use **structured English** to describe an algorithm to:

 search 	the array	
----------------------------	-----------	--

•	output	the	alphabetic	character	that	occurs	most	often	(the	highest	character	count
	value)											

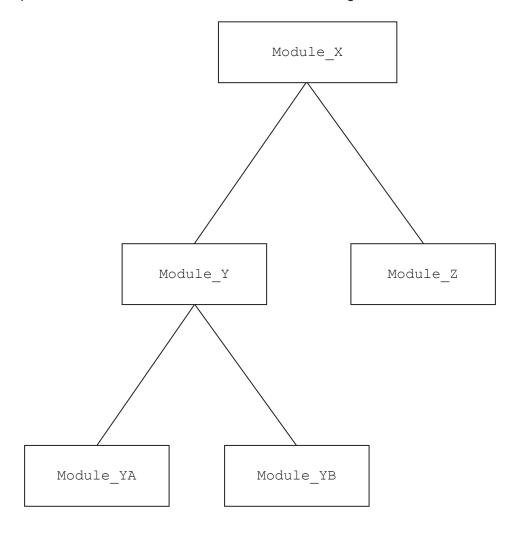
 output a suitable message if more than one alphabetic character has the same higher count value. 	est

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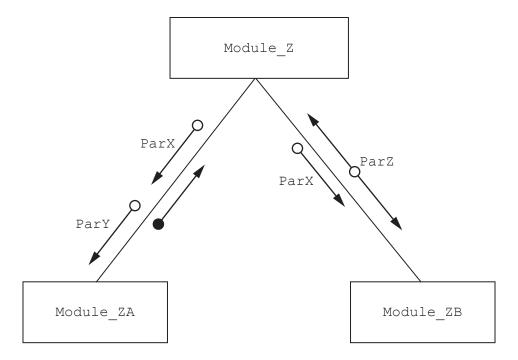
3 (a) The following table contains information about five modules in a program. It describes the calls made and the parameters passed.

Module	Description
Module_X	 repeatedly calls Module_Y then Module_Z passes a parameter of type REAL to Module_Y passes two parameters of type INTEGER to Module_Z
Module_Y	calls either Module_YA or Module_YB
Module_Z	called with two parameters of type INTEGER
Module_YA	 called with a parameter of type REAL parameter is passed by reference
Module_YB	 called with a parameter of type INTEGER returns a BOOLEAN value

Complete the structure chart to include the information given about the five modules.



(b) Two more modules are added to the chart below $Module_Z$ as shown:



Parameter data types are:

ParX : REAL
ParY : INTEGER
ParZ : STRING

(i)	State whether Module_ZA() is a function or a procedure and justify your choice.	
(ii)	Write the pseudocode header for Module ZB().	[2
(''')	while the pactacoode header for Modale_2B().	
		. [3

4 The following is part of a program written in pseudocode:

```
DECLARE ThisArray : ARRAY[1:1000] OF STRING
DECLARE ArrayResult : INTEGER
PROCEDURE ScanArray(SearchString : STRING)
  DECLARE Index, Total : INTEGER
  DECLARE Error : BOOLEAN
  Index \leftarrow 1
  Total \leftarrow 0
  Error \leftarrow FALSE
  WHILE Index <= 1000 AND Error <> TRUE
     IF LENGTH(ThisArray[Index]) > 5
        THEN
            IF ThisArray[Index] = SearchString
               THEN
                  Total ← Total + LENGTH(ThisArray[Index])
            ENDIF
            Index \leftarrow Index + 1
        ELSE
           Error ← TRUE
     ENDIF
  ENDWHILE
  ArrayResult ← INT(Total / (Index - 1))
```

ENDPROCEDURE

The procedure ScanArray() is amended as follows:

- SearchString is compared with just the first four characters of each array element.
- The total ignores the first five characters of each array element.
- When calculating ArrayResult, prevent any possible division by zero.

Refer to the **Appendix** on pages 22–23 for the list of built-in pseudocode functions and operators.

(a)	white program code to implement this amended procedure ScanArray ().
	Visual Basic and Pascal: You should include the declaration statements for variables. Python: You should show a comment statement for each variable used with its data type.
	Programming language
	Program code
	[6]

(b)	Cor (IDE	ntext-sensitive prompts are a feature of a typical Integrated Development Environme ≣).	nt
	Exp	plain the term context-sensitive prompt .	
		,	
(c)	(i)	Identify the first stage in the program development cycle.	∠]
(0)	(-)	State the tasks that are completed during this stage.	
		First stage	
		Tasks	
			3]
	(ii)	A program will be translated using a compiler.	
		Identify the stage of the program development cycle where a syntax error may occur.	41
			1]

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5 Alice is developing an algorithm for a game. The game will count the number of attempts by a player to guess the secret number generated by the built-in random number function.

She will use pseudocode to develop a procedure, GuessNum(), that will:

- 1. generate a secret number that is a random integer in the range 1 to 20 inclusive
- 2. prompt and input the player's guess
- 3. output a message if the guess is not the same as the secret number and repeat from step 2
- 4. count the number of attempts it takes to guess the secret number
- 5. output a message when the secret number has been guessed correctly, giving the number of attempts.
- (a) (i) Write pseudocode for the procedure GuessNum(). Refer to the Appendix on pages 22-23 for the list of built-in pseudocode functions and operators.

......[5]

	(ii)	Suggest two different validation checks that could be applied to the input of the procedure $GuessNum()$ to ensure invalid guesses are not counted.
		1
		2
		[2]
(b)		e is converting her pseudocode into a high-level language for use in a larger modular gram.
		wants to start testing the program before all the subroutines (procedures and functions) e been implemented.
	(i)	Identify this type of testing.
		[1]
	(ii)	Her program contains a function ${\tt Status}$ () that she has not yet written, but will be called from several places within the program.
		Explain what Alice needs to do to allow the program to be tested.
	/!!! \	[2]
	(iii)	Alice compiles her program.
		Explain the function of the compiler.
		[1]

6 A program stores stock data in four global arrays as follows:

Array	Data type	Description	Example data value	Initial data value
StockID	STRING	The stock item ID (Eight alpha-numeric characters)	"HWDM0001"	" "
Description	STRING	A description of the item (Alphabetic characters only)	"Candle"	" "
Quantity	INTEGER	The number in stock	4	0
Cost	REAL	The cost of the item	2.75	0

- Each array contains 10 000 elements.
- Elements with the same index relate to the same stock item. For example, StockID[4] contains the ID for the product whose description is in Description[4].
- The StockID array is not sorted and unused elements may occur at any index position.
- Unused elements are assigned the initial data value shown in the table above.

The program is to be modified so that the data from the arrays can be stored in a text file for backup.

The programmer has started to define program modules as follows:

Module	Description		
GetValidFilename()	prompts, inputs and returns a valid filename		
	called with an array index as a parameter		
Check()	checks that the data values for the stock item with the given index are valid		
	returns TRUE if the values are valid, otherwise returns FALSE		
	• calls GetValidFilename() to get the name of the backup file		
	• combines the data values for each stock item to form a single string. Inserts an asterisk character '*' as a separator between data values		
Backup()	writes the string to the backup file		
Backup()	• calls Check() to validate the data values. If there is an error then also writes the string to the file "ERRORLOG.TXT"		
	repeats for all stock items		
	• returns TRUE if nothing was written to "ERRORLOG.TXT", otherwise returns FALSE		
	called with two parameters:		
	o an array index		
Unpack()	 a string value read from one line of the backup file 		
	extracts the four data values from the string and assigns each to the appropriate array		

(a) Write program code for the module	Check()
---------------------------------------	---------

Data values relating to an individual stock item are valid if:

- the StockID element is of length 8
- the Description is not an empty string
- the Quantity is zero or above.

Visual Basic and Pascal: You should include the declaration statements for variables. Python: You should show a comment statement for each variable used with its data type.
Programming language
Program code

Program code	

Write pseudocode for the module Backup().

 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
		18

(c) The module description of Unpack() is repeated here for reference.

Module	Description		
	called with two parameters:		
	o an array index		
Unpack()	 a string value read from one line of the backup file 		
	extracts the four data values from the string and assigns each to the appropriate array		

Write program code for the module ${\tt Unpack}(\tt)$. You may assume that the backup file contains only valid stock information.

Visual Basic and Pascal: You should include the declaration statements for variables. Python: You should show a comment statement for each variable used with its data type.

Programming language
Program code

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Appendix

Built-in functions (pseudocode)

Each function returns an error if the function call is not properly formed.

MID (This String: STRING, x: INTEGER, y: INTEGER) RETURNS STRING returns a string of length y starting at position x from This String

Example: MID ("ABCDEFGH", 2, 3) returns "BCD"

LENGTH (ThisString: STRING) RETURNS INTEGER returns the integer value representing the length of ThisString

Example: LENGTH ("Happy Days") returns 10

LEFT (ThisString: STRING, x: INTEGER) RETURNS STRING returns leftmost x characters from ThisString

Example: LEFT ("ABCDEFGH", 3) returns "ABC"

RIGHT (ThisString : STRING, x : INTEGER) RETURNS STRING returns rightmost x characters from ThisString

Example: RIGHT ("ABCDEFGH", 3) returns "FGH"

INT(x : REAL) RETURNS INTEGER

returns the integer part of x

Example: INT (27.5415) returns 27

LCASE (ThisChar : CHAR) RETURNS CHAR

returns the character value representing the lower case equivalent of ThisChar If ThisChar is not an upper case alphabetic character, it is returned unchanged.

Example: LCASE('W') returns 'w'

ASC (ThisChar: CHAR) RETURNS INTEGER returns the ASCII value of character ThisChar

Example: ASC ('A') returns 65

RAND(x : INTEGER) RETURNS REAL

returns a real number in the range 0 to x (not inclusive of x).

Example: RAND (87) could return 35.43

NUM_TO_STRING(x : REAL) RETURNS STRING

returns a string representation of a numeric value.

Note: This function will also work if x is of type INTEGER

Example: NUM TO STRING(87.5) returns "87.5"

Operators (pseudocode)

Operator	Description
&	Concatenates (joins) two strings Example: "Summer" & " " & "Pudding" produces "Summer Pudding"
AND	Performs a logical AND on two Boolean values Example: TRUE AND FALSE produces FALSE
OR	Performs a logical OR on two Boolean values Example: TRUE OR FALSE produces TRUE

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